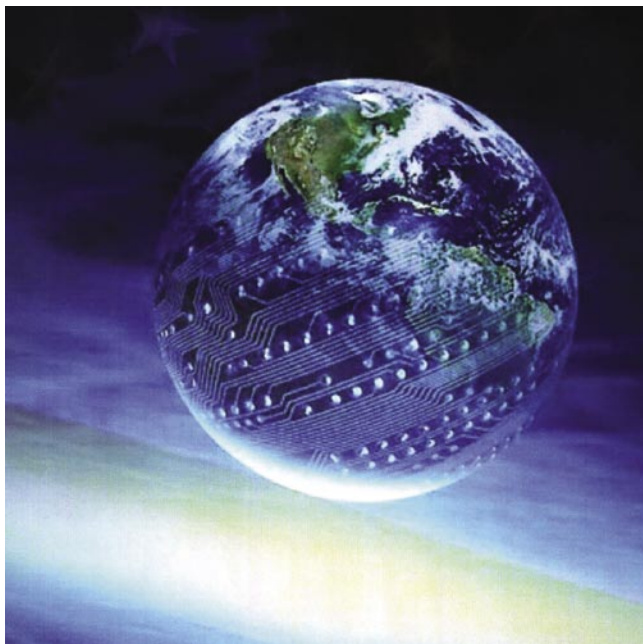


*The Power of*  
**INFORMATION**  
**Access Share Collaborate**



**Where it's needed, When it's needed,  
To those who need it**



DoD Chief Information Officer

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# Transforming Defense

**Defense transformation** hinges on the recognition that information is our greatest source of power. Information can be leveraged to allow decision makers at all levels to be more effective, make **better decisions faster**, and **act sooner**. Ensuring timely and trusted information is available where it is needed, when it is needed, and to those who need it is at the heart of the capability needed to **conduct Net-Centric Operations (NCO)**.

*We will conduct network-centric operations with compatible information and communications systems, usable data, and flexible operational constructs*

*National Defense Strategy (2005)*

Becoming Net-Centric requires people, processes, and technology to work together to enable timely:

- **access** to information,
- **sharing** of information, and
- **collaboration** among those involved

Instead of “pushing information out” based on individually engineered and predetermined interfaces, Net-Centricity ensures that a user at any level can both “take what he needs” and “contribute what he knows.”

*DOD is further developing a fully interoperable, interagency-wide Global Information Grid (GIG). The GIG supports the creation of a collaborative information environment that facilitates information sharing, effective synergistic planning, and execution of simultaneous overlapping operations.*

*National Military Strategy (2004)*

# The Net-Centric Enterprise

The **DoD Chief Information Officer (CIO)** provides the leadership to meet the Net-Centric vision and ultimately deliver the critical enabling capabilities required by the National Defense Strategy. Transforming to a Net-Centric Force requires fundamental changes in process, policy, and culture across the Department (defense operations, intelligence functions, and business processes).

*Beyond battlefield applications, a network-centric force can increase efficiency and effectiveness across defense operations, intelligence functions, and business processes by giving all users access to the latest, most relevant, most accurate information.*

*National Defense Strategy (2005)*

The technological change will be significant, but the **cultural shift** may be even more challenging. The hallmark of the 21st century is **uncertainty**. Net-Centricity is rooted in a simply principle: **Confront uncertainty with agility**. To be agile, data can no longer be “owned”...it must be shared.

*Transforming to a network-centric force requires fundamental changes in process, policy and culture. Changes in these areas will provide the necessary speed, accuracy, and quality of decision-making critical to future success.*

*National Defense Strategy (2005)*



Transform America’s national security institutions to meet the challenges and opportunities of the 21<sup>st</sup> century

The National Security Strategy of the United States of America (2006)



Information Environment

Net-Centric Data Strategy

Enterprise Service Oriented Architecture

End-to-End Information Assurance (IA)

**Vision - Deliver the Power of Information**  
- An agile enterprise empowered by access to and sharing of timely and trusted information

**Vision – A flexible and agile Net-Centric, environment of “many-to-many” exchanges and effective decisions**

**Vision – A Service-Oriented Architecture that is open, output focused, and independent of location and system-ware**

**Vision – Dynamic IA in support of Net-Centric Operations**

**Mission - Enable Net-Centric Operations**  
- Lead the Information Age transformation that enhances the DoD’s efficiency and effectiveness

**Mission – Implement a data-centric strategy allowing access to and sharing of information**

**Mission – Establish easy-to-use services to access, share, collaborate**

**Mission – Assure DoD’s information, information systems, and information infrastructure**

Major DoD Investments and Initiatives

- Transport
  - Global Information Grid Bandwidth Expansion (GIG-BE)
  - Transformational Satellite (TSAT)
  - Joint Tactical Radio System (JTRS)
  - Teleports
  - Spectrum
- Services
  - Net-Centric Enterprise Services (NCES)
- Security
  - Information Assurance (IA) Solutions
- Execution
  - Data Strategy/Communities of Interest (COI)
  - NetOps/Management

Enterprise Wide Systems Engineering (EW SE)

- Defines end-to-end, functional, performance, and standards baseline
- Requires enterprise-level decision making
- Builds consensus to develop technical solutions

Data Strategy Foundation

- Ensures data are visible, accessible, and understandable
- Accelerates decision making by having data where needed and when needed
- Accommodates known and unanticipated users
- “Tags” data (intelligence/non-intelligence; raw/processed) with metadata to enable discovery
- Requires data and services registries to describe, post, and store
- Posts data to shared spaces for users to access based on identity and role
- Organizes around Communities of Interest (COIs) using a shared vocabulary to exchange information

Enterprise Services Overview

- Messaging – Ability to exchange information among users or applications
- Discovery – Processes to find information content or services
- Mediation – Software to help broker, translate, aggregate, fuse, or integrate data/metadata
- Collaboration – Allows users to work together and jointly use selected capabilities on the network
- User Assistant – Automated “help” capabilities
- Information Assurance – Capabilities that provide confidentiality, integrity, availability, authorization, and assurance for information, users, applications, and networks
- Storage – Physical and virtual places to host data on the network
- Application – Infrastructure to host and organize distributed on-line processing capabilities
- Enterprise Systems Management (ESM) – End-to-end GIG performance monitoring, configuration management, and problem detection

IA Strategy Framework

- Protect Information
  - Data protection requirements
  - Protection mechanisms
  - Robust mechanisms
- Defend Systems and Networks
  - Engineer defenses
  - React and respond
  - Assess and evaluate activity
- Provide Situational Awareness/IA C2
  - Integrated operational picture
  - Coordinate IA ops and decisions
  - Evaluate collaboration
- Transform and Enable IA Capabilities
  - Ensure IA integration into programs
  - Dynamic IA capabilities
  - Improve strategic decision-making
  - Information sharing
- Create an IA Empowered Workforce
  - Standardize baseline skills
  - Enhance IA skill levels
  - Provide trained/skilled personnel
  - Infuse IA into other disciplines

The **Global Information Grid (GIG)** will enable Net-Centric Operations and collects, processes, stores and manages the Enterprise data. The GIG is not just a technological backbone. It includes:

- **People,**
- **Process,** and
- **Technology.**

**The GIG enables “information on demand.”**

*The GIG has the potential to be the single most important enabler of information and decision superiority.*

*National Military Strategy (2004)*

# The Net-Centric Technical Vision

- **Secure and available comms** – IA enabled and encrypted
- **Assured sharing** – trusted access to net resources
- **Only handle information once** – data posted by authoritative sources and visible
- **Post in parallel** – data posted as it is created
- **Smart pull** – applications encourage data discovery
- **Data centric** – data separate from applications
- **Application diversity** – applications posted for use
- **IPv6** – IP, not point-to-point
- **Quality of service** – data timeliness, accuracy, completeness, ease of use



DoD Chief Information Officer  
[www.dod.mil/cio-nii](http://www.dod.mil/cio-nii)